

1997 original texts	2007 final Law 21
<p>[Deletions highlighted in yellow]</p> <p>Law 21A - A player has no recourse if he has made a call on the basis of his own misunderstanding.</p> <p>Law 21B1 - Until the end of the auction period (see Law 17E), a player may, without penalty, change a call when it is probable that he made the call as a result of misinformation given to him by an opponent (failure to alert promptly to a conventional call or special understanding, where such alert is required by the sponsoring organisation, is deemed misinformation), provided that his partner has not subsequently called.</p> <p>Law 75 footnote - the Director is to presume Mistaken Explanation, rather than Mistaken Bid, in the absence of evidence to the contrary</p> <p>Law 21B2 - When a player elects to change a call because of misinformation (as in 1., preceding), his LHO may then in turn change any subsequent call he may have made, without penalty (unless his withdrawn call conveyed such information as to damage the non-offending side, in which case the Director may assign an adjusted score). (For unauthorised information from withdrawn calls, see Law 16C.)</p> <p>Law 21B3 - When it is too late to change a call, the Director may award an adjusted score (Law 40C may apply).</p>	<p>[Additions and changes highlighted in yellow]</p> <p>LAW 21 - CALL BASED ON MISINFORMATION</p> <p>A. Call Based on Caller's Misunderstanding</p> <p>No rectification or redress is due to a player who acts on the basis of his own misunderstanding.</p> <p>B. Call Based on Misinformation from an Opponent</p> <p>1. (a) Until the end of the Auction Period and provided that his partner has not subsequently called, a player may change a call without other rectification for his side when the Director judges that the decision to make the call could well have been influenced by misinformation given to the player by an opponent (see Law 17E). Failure to alert promptly where an alert is required by the Regulating Authority is deemed misinformation.</p> <p>(b) The Director is to presume Mistaken Explanation rather than Mistaken Call in the absence of evidence to the contrary.</p> <p>2. When a player elects to change a call because of misinformation (as in 1 preceding), his LHO may then in turn change any subsequent call he may have made, without other rectification unless at the end of the hand the Director judges his withdrawn call to have conveyed such information as to damage the non-offending side in which case Law 16D applies.</p> <p>3. When it is too late to change a call and the Director judges that the offending side gained an advantage from the irregularity he awards an adjusted score.</p>