

1997 original texts	2007 final Laws 92-93
<p>[Deletions highlighted in yellow]</p> <p>Law 92A - A contestant or his Captain may appeal for a review of any ruling made at his table by the Director*. Law 92 footnote - Sponsoring organisations may establish penalties for appeals without merit.</p> <p>Law 92B - The right to request or appeal a Director's ruling expires 30 minutes after the official score has been made available for inspection, unless the sponsoring organisation has specified a different time period.</p> <p>Law 92C - All appeals shall be made through the Director.</p> <p>Law 92D - An appeal shall not be heard unless both members of a pair (except in an individual contest) or the captain of a team, concur in appealing. An absent member shall be deemed to concur.</p>	<p>[Additions and changes highlighted in yellow]</p> <p>LAW 92 - RIGHT TO APPEAL</p> <p>A. Contestant's Right</p> <p>A contestant or his captain may appeal for a review of any ruling made at his table by the Director. Any such appeal, if deemed to lack merit, may be the subject of a sanction imposed by regulation.</p> <p>B. Time of Appeal</p> <p>The right to request or appeal a Director's ruling expires 30 minutes after the official score has been made available for inspection unless the Tournament Organizer has specified a different time period.</p> <p>C. How to Appeal</p> <p>All appeals shall be made through the Director.</p> <p>D. Concurrence of Appellants</p> <p>An appeal shall not be heard unless</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. in a pairs event both members of the partnership concur in making the appeal (but in an individual contest an appellant does not require his partner's concurrence). 2. in a team event the team captain concurs in making the

Law 93A - The Chief Director shall hear and rule upon all appeals if there is no Tournament or Appeals Committee, or when a committee cannot meet without disturbing the orderly progress of the tournament.

Law 93B - If a committee is available,

Law 93B1 - The Chief Director shall hear and rule upon such part of the appeal as deals solely with the Law or regulations. His ruling may be appealed to the committee*.

Law 93B2 - The Chief Director shall refer all other appeals to the committee* for adjudication.

Law 93B3 - In adjudicating appeals the committee* may exercise all powers assigned by these Laws to the Director, except that the committee may not overrule the Director on a point of law or regulations, or on exercise of his disciplinary powers. The committee may recommend to the Director that he change his ruling.

appeal.

LAW 93 - PROCEDURES OF APPEAL

A. No Appeals Committee

The Director in charge shall hear and rule upon all appeals if there is no Appeals Committee (or alternative arrangement under Law 80B2(k)), or if such cannot operate without disturbing the orderly progress of the tournament.

B. Appeals Committee Available

If a committee is available,

1. The Director in charge shall hear and rule upon such part of the appeal as deals solely with the Law or regulations. His ruling may be appealed to the committee.

2. The Director in charge shall refer all other appeals to the committee for adjudication.

3. In adjudicating appeals the committee may exercise all powers assigned by these Laws to the Director, except that the committee may not overrule the Director in charge on a point of law or regulations, or on exercise of his Law 91 disciplinary powers. (The committee may recommend to the Director in charge that he change such a ruling.)

C. Further Possibilities of Appeal

Law 93C - After the preceding remedies have been exhausted, further appeal may be taken to the national authority.

Law 92 footnote - Sponsoring organisations may establish penalties for appeals without merit.

Law 93 footnote - Zonal organisations may establish differing conditions of appeals for special contests.

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1. Regulating Authorities may establish procedures for further appeals after the foregoing procedures have been exhausted. Any such further appeal, if deemed to lack merit, may be the subject of a sanction imposed by regulation.

2. The Director in charge or the Appeals Committee may refer a matter for later consideration by the Regulating Authority. The Regulating Authority has authority to resolve any matter finally.

3. (a) Notwithstanding 1 and 2 above, where deeming it crucial to the progress of the tournament the Regulating Authority may assign the responsibility for dealing finally with any appeal to the respective tournament Appeals Committee and, along with the parties to the appeal, is then bound by the outcome.

(b) With due notice given to the contestants a Regulating Authority may authorize the omission or modification of such stages as it wishes of the appeals process set out in these Laws.*

* The Regulating Authority is responsible for compliance with any national law that may affect its action.